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A REVIEW ON SECONDARY METABOLITES, ANTIOXIDANT AGENT AND ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY OF SALVADORA OLEOIDES L.

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ABSTRACT

Plants provide all the basic necessary things which are used in routine life. Many drugs are extracted from plants which are helpful in curing many diseases such as diabetes, cancer, inflammation, headache, fever, skin disease, etc. The present review reveals that many secondary metabolites are present in huge amounts and play an important role as antioxidant agents and show antibacterial activity against many bacterial strains. It will be helpful for the extrication of biologically active compounds from the Salvadora genus.

Keywords: Phytochemicals, Anti-oxidant activity and Anti-bacterial activity

1. INTRODUCTION:

i **ABC**

India has great diversity. Many types of ecosystems are present in our country. Deserts are one of the unique ecosystems due to the low availability of water, still many plants grow in an arid ecosystem. Phytochemicals are derived naturally from plants. It can help humans, such as four thousand phytochemicals cataloged and distributed by protective function, chemical characteristics, and medicinal properties (Meagher and Thomson, 1999).

Phytochemicals are derived from plants such as organic carotene, sterol, and organic sulfur (Guan et al., 2021). Plants provide many primary needs such as shelter, clothing, food, and flavor. Ecological functions of phytochemical secondary metabolites have many bearings on potential medicinal effects for humans (Barboza et al., 2009)

The remaining organic chemicals, such as alkaloids, terpenes, flavonoids, lignans, steroids, curcumins, saponins, phenolics, flavonoids, and glycosides, are consist as secondary metabolites components. phytochemicals are categorized based on their function, a single compound may serve as both an antioxidant and an antibacterial agent (Siddiqui and Moid, 2022).

Phytochemicals in secondary metabolites prevent chronic diseases such as cancer, diabetes, cardiovascular disease, a bacterial disease, and fungal disease. the protective role of phytochemicals is associated with antioxidant activity since the overproduction of oxidants in the human body is involved in the pathogenesis of many diseases (Zhang et al., 2015)

Phytochemicals generally produce a naturally organic compound useful a many importance of ecologically, economically, etc. The current review paper is study based on secondary metabolites on their used like as antioxidant, antibacterial and antifungal.

Table 1: list of secondary metabolites, their amount and radical scavenging activity of different parts of plant.

Sr No.	Plant	Plant part	Secondary metabolites /Antioxidant method	Activity	Reference
1	Salvadora persica L.	Leaves	DPPH	1.26 to 1.78 mg/g	Sharma & Ramawat, 2013

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		Fruit	TPC	22.2 mg/g	Khanam, et al., 2022
		Root	DPPH	4.8 µg/ml	Mohamed et al.,2013
		Stem	DPPH	3 μg/ml	Noumi et al., 2011
		Root	ABTS	1.6 μg/ml	Mohamed et al., 2013
		т	ABTS	8.4µg/ml	
		Leaves	DPPH	46.5µg/ml	
		Root	H202	43.9µg/ml	Kumari, &
		Leaves	H2O2	65.5±26.46 %	Parida, 2016
		Root	Gallic acid	42.4±0.11 μg/ml	
			DPPH	51.60±2.58 %	
		Aerial plant Fruit	TPC	16.20±0.81 μg/ml	
	2 Salvadora olioides L.		TFC	2.44±0.12 μg/ml	
			DPPH	54.30±2.72 %	
			TPC	22.20±1.11 μg/ml	
			TFC	6.17±0.31 μg/ml	Khanam et al.,
		Aerial plant	DPPH	46.90±2.34 %	2022
			TPC	11.90±0.50 μg/ml	_
2			TFC	1.72 μg/ml	
			DPPH	52.70±2.63 %	
			TPC	19.20±0.96 μg/ml	
			TFC	52.70±2.73 μg/ml	
_	Salvadora	Stem	TTC	0.39 mg/g	Noumi et al.,
3	persica L.		Carotenes	460 µg/ml	2011
4	Salvadora persica L.	Leaves	ТРС	15.4±0.76 μg/ml	Kumari, & Parida, 2016

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			TFC	3.82±0.12 µg/ml						
			Total Glucose Content	1852±212.92 mg/g						
			Total protein Content	12.5±3.5mg/g						
			Total dopamine Content	18.01±6.56						
			Total malic acid Content	282.40±38.17 mg/g						
			Total fumaric acid Content	592±164.38 mg/g						
			Total carotenoid Content	2.5±0.5mg/g						
			Gallic acid	1254.4±11.1 mg/g						
	Salvadora olioides L.	Aerial plant	Caffeine acid	16.4±0.8 mg/g						
			Ferulic acid	22.6±1.4 mg/g						
5								catechin	131.5±5.90 mg/g	
			rutin	302.7±7.023 mg/g	Khanam et al.,					
			quercetin	24.16±0.89 mg/g						
			Gallic acid	1265±36.0 mg/g	2022					
	Salvadora olioides L.		Caffeine acid	14.6±0.8 mg/g						
			Ferulic acid	27.9±0.9 mg/g	-					
6			Fruit	Catechin	72.0±2.7 mg/g					
			Rutin	302.7±1.023 mg/g						
			Quercetin	24.16±0.89 mg/g						

Above table shows the number of secondary metabolites such as rutin, quercetin, catechin, phenol, flavonoid, tannin, carotene, caffeine, malic acid, and Ferulic acid is present in Salvadora genus. Here, also determines the amount of bioactive compound which play a vital role in various physiological activity. Antioxidant activity such as DPPH and ABTS estimated in different plant parts with various solvent extraction.

2. ANTI-BACTERIAL ACTIVITY:

Agents which interfere with the growth, development and reproduction of bacteria. These antibacterial agents are used to disinfect surfaces and decrease harmful bacteria. Such chemicals like chlorine, phenols, and such drugs have antibacterial properties.



Table 2: list of antibacterial activity of various plant parts against the different pathogen.

Sr No.	Plant	Plant part	Pathogen		Reference
1	Salvadora persica L.	Stem	S.epidermidis	9±0 mm	Noumi et al., 2011
			S. aureus	9.66±0.57 mm	
			M. leteus	9±0 mm	
2	Salvadora olioides L.	stem	E. coli	12.5	Kumar et al., 2012
			S. epidermidis	12.5	
			K. pneumonia	12.5	
			P. mirabiis	25.0	
			B. subtills	6.25	
3	Salvadora olioides L.	Leaves	s.aureus	8.9mm	Sheth, 2016
			B.subtilis	9.4mm	
			E. coli	8.6mm	
			P.aeruginosa	11.3mm	
			s.aureus	8.8mm	





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			B.subtilis	9.8mm	
			E. coli	8.6mm	
			P.aeruginosa	11.2mm	
4	Salvadora olioides L.	Leaves	E. coli	16mm	Lakho et al., 2021
		Root	E. coli	9mm	
		Bark	E. coli	5mm	
5	Salvadora St persica L.	Stem	Streptococcus mutans	1.56mm	Al-Bayati and Sulaiman, 2008
			Ps. aeruginosa	6.25mm	
			Strep.pyogenes	3.12mm	
			C.albicans	6.25mm	
			Lacto acidophilus	6.25mm	
			Strep. aureus	3.12mm	
6	Salvadora persica L.		E. coli	14mm	Miri et al., 2016
			S. aureus	12mm	
7	Salvadora persica L.		S. mutans	6mm	Balto, 2017
			S. salivarius	7mm	
			S. sanguis	9mm	
			Streptococcus	8mm	



	S. mutans	4mm	
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CONCLUSION

The present review shows the phytochemicals study of Salvadora oleoides L. Every plant has any phytochemicals available for the improving human health. However, the single plant contains hundreds or thousands of bioactive metabolites. These Secondary metabolites consist many several activities like antioxidant, antibacterial, anti-inflammatory activity and also help in effective in treating various disease. This plant has not required more water for the survival and sustainable for unwonted environment and stress of water, heat etc. So, this plant has many medicinal uses and does not require maintenance for the plant to

So, this plant has many medicinal uses and does not require maintenance for the plant to easily grow.

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